

COVID-19 INTERIM GUIDANCE TO OPEN WATER VENUES

(Version 1: Tuesday 12th May 2020)

FOR ENGLAND ONLY



SH2OUT INTRODUCTION

SH2OUT is a partnership between British Triathlon, Swim England and RLSS UK, which has been developed to promote and progress open water swimming and safety within the sport. The partnership aims to provide appropriate resources and support the standards that ensure safe and compelling experiences for open water swimming participants.

This interim guidance has been developed through collaboration and input of all three organisations, with the aim of giving open water venues guidance on how to approach open water swimming in the current climate.

If you have any questions or require any support regarding your venue and open water swimming, please contact us at info@sh2out.org

VENUE GUIDANCE

Based on the latest government instruction on Coronavirus/COVID-19 as outlined in the government’s paper OUR PLAN TO REBUILD: The UK Government’s COVID-19 recovery strategy, released on Monday 11th May. SH2OUT will follow a range of adjustments in line with step one of the government plans which state that from Wednesday 13 May that you can meet one other person from a different household outdoors and exercise outdoors; with open water swimming in lakes and the sea permitted as long as you continue to observe social distancing guidelines and ensure you are 2 metres away from anyone.

Whilst open water swimming is permitted by the government, you should ask yourself whether you think it is socially responsible to open your venue; due to the inherent dangers, increased risk and pressure that this may cause the NHS and emergency services.

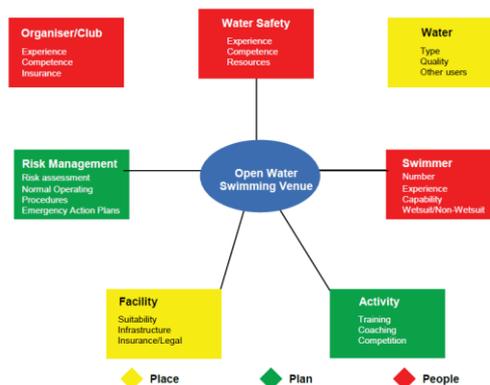
Unless you can put all the measures that are outlined below in place AND comply with all relevant Government guidance, **we do not recommend that you should open your venue**. This guidance has been developed to be read alongside the government [“Guidance for providers of outdoor facilities on the phased return of sport and recreation”](#).

If you are a venue that is interested in SH2OUT Venue Accreditation for 2020, we will be adding elements of this COVID-19 guidance into the accreditation checklist. You can sign up to receive the SH2OUT Organised Open Water Swimming Manual (for free) by completing the [Venue Accreditation Enrolment Form](#).

The risk factors for open water swimming fall into three broad areas:

- Places - covering issues relating to the venue/environment and the type of water.
- Planning - covering the type of activity and appropriate safety arrangements
- People - covering the people responsible for providing safety cover as well as the swimmers themselves.

These are illustrated below and provide a useful checklist of things to think about in terms of your venue’s response to COVID-19 and the social distancing guidelines.



Pre-Swimming

Water Quality

Before you open your venue or any swimming takes place, you need to undertake your water quality testing. We are aware that many venues have not carried out water quality testing in 2020. For further guidance of water quality testing, please read page 14 in the SH₂OUT Guidance Document for Organised Open Water Swimming.

There are laboratories available to carry out testing of water samples and we can recommend <https://swim-safety.co.uk/> for your testing. Swim Safety offer a complete water quality sampling and results package. Although we are aware that the laboratories are open and available to carry out testing, we are aware that there are some issues with courier services and post. This may affect the time it takes to complete your water quality testing and has implications on planning, as you need to get your sample off to the laboratories in a certain timescale. As a result of this, please plan your testing carefully and seek advice from Swim Safety on application.

Documentation

You should review all your documentation prior to opening your venue to swimmers. This includes:

- Risk Assessment (either adapt your current assessment or develop a specific COVID-19 assessment that outlines the additional risks that COVID-19 poses and how you will mitigate these risks.) Remember as part of your “duty of care” organisers must “make suitable and sufficient assessment of the risks” to the people who are involved in or affected by your activity.
- Normal Operating Plan (NOP) - how will COVID-19 affect activity that is managed under normal (non-emergency) circumstances. This might include procedures for registering/queuing/briefing swimmers, counting swimmers into and out of the water, how you maintain social distancing for all, and how you will supervise swimmers in the water. How will you adjust each procedure to ensure social distancing and good hygiene is always in place?
- Emergency Action Plan (EAP) - describe how any foreseeable incidents will be managed and how you will maintain social distancing where at all possible during these emergencies. Potential incidents may include a missing swimmer, a panicking swimmer, an injured swimmer, an unconscious swimmer, and a course evacuation. We will go into each of these in more detail below.

Insurance

The appropriate insurance must be in place to cover the people involved in delivering the activity and the swimmers. This will include:

- Public Liability Insurance
- Employers Liability Insurance

SH₂OUT does not provide insurance cover for activities organised by individuals or organisations. Venue owners and operators will need to confirm they have appropriate insurance in place to accommodate open water swimming.

Activities organised by clubs may be covered by the insurance of the organisation the club is affiliated to, but as per government guidance, club activity is not permitted at this point in time.

We advise that every venue owner or operator checks with their insurance provider to establish that their insurance cover is in place for delivering activity that is adapted to ensure social distancing can be maintained and for the potential for someone to contract coronavirus whilst swimming at the venue.

You should also ask your insurers advice regarding any pre-swim disclaimer or terms and conditions form that you plan to ask participants to complete. You may wish to include terms regarding Coronavirus. Some example questions that you may wish to ask the swimmer to answer/agree to are:

- Have you displayed symptoms of COVID-19?
- Have you come into contact with anyone displaying COVID-19 symptoms?
- Have you seen a doctor recently regarding COVID-19 symptoms?
- Do you agree to maintain social distancing at all times?
- Do you agree to maintain good hygiene prior to entry to the site and whilst on site?

However, please ensure you seek advice from your own insurance provider before sending out any disclaimers to your participants.

Booking Swimmers

It is recommended that you plan how many swimmers you think can be both onsite at your venue and how many can be swimming whilst complying with social distancing guidelines to remain two metres (6ft) away from people.

Once you have established your COVID-19 venue capacity, you should base your planning and preparation to ensure you stay within this capacity.

To achieve this, we recommend that venues operate a booking system - online, via email or telephone. This way you can manage the number of visitors to your venue and swimming whilst at your venue. Where possible stagger arrival and departure times to reduce crowding into and out of your venue. Where possible please offer pre-payment upon booking as this will minimise contact on site.

We recommend that you communicate via your social media, website statement and arrival signage that your venue is not operating a “turn up and swim” approach and that pre-booking is required.

By offering pre-booking, this provides the opportunity for you to ask that the participant agrees to your terms and conditions/signs a disclaimer. Where possible, we advise that you put this in place via the booking and therefore reduce required contact onsite at your venue.

You should also use this as an opportunity to communicate clearly and regularly with your participants, setting out what you are doing to mitigate risk, and what advice you are giving to swimmers to do likewise.

Sending out your swim briefing information prior to arrival and asking all participants to read this is also advised. This way you will only need to highlight the key safety information at the onsite briefing whilst maintaining social distancing.

Car Parking and Signage

You may need to adjust your venue car parking layout to ensure that arriving participants can park safely whilst continuing to comply to social distancing guidelines.

We recommend that you separate staff parking from participant parking as this will help to protect your staff.

Where possible you should also provide additional facilities to help people walk, run or cycle to your venue where possible. If you are providing bike racking, ensure you can keep it sanitised and provide a hand sanitiser station nearby.

Use signage and floor markings where possible to direct participants so that social distancing guidelines can be maintained. Introduce one-way flow at entry and exit points.

Use signage such as ground markings or by being creative with objects to mark out 2 metres to allow controlled flows of people moving throughout the site. Think about your flow from the moment a

participant parks, to check in, to leaving valuables/changing outdoors, to swim entry, swim exit, back to changing outdoors, to check out and return to car park.

A good example of this is the use of arrows on the floor that supermarkets are using to control the flow of customers throughout the store whilst maintaining social distancing.



Change your lay out to allow people to be on site, but to be further apart from each other than they usually would have been.

Check in and Briefing

Even though we recommend pre booking, we acknowledge there is still a requirement for participants to check in on arrival.

Where possible aim to reduce interaction and always ensure social distancing is maintained. Set up your check in area and mark out a 2 metre line for participants to stand in order to verbally provide their name to you before you signpost them to their area to leave belonging and to prepare to swim.

We recommend all indoor facilities, apart from toilets and through-ways should be kept closed. This includes keeping indoor changing rooms closed.

Develop a queuing system (although queuing should be reduced due to staggered arrival times) that allows participants to queue at a safe distance of 2 metres apart, again we recommend marking this out on the floor.



Where you do need to take payments on site, consider mandating contactless or at least card payment to avoid handling cash. If this isn't possible, we recommend that the check in staff member wears protective disposable gloves and that the participant places the money on the check in desk and moves

back to the 2 metre queuing line before the staff member collects the money and provides change if required. Again, where this can be avoided - it should be.

Think about how you will deliver your key safety messages in your swimmer briefing and ensure you maintain social distancing between staff and all swimmers.

Equipment

Swimmer equipment

When swimming in open water there is a need for an increased amount of personal equipment, we recommend that each participant uses their own equipment therefore venues should not have equipment for hire. This includes wetsuits, swimming hats, goggles and tow floats. This is to reduce the risk of infection through the use of equipment that has not been sterilised.

Safety equipment

Each venue will have different equipment depending on individual operating procedures and emergency action plans. It is important for every piece of equipment to be cleaned thoroughly prior to and after use. This includes in between lifeguard/safety team rotations, there could be a need for a break in the swimming session to allow the teams to rotate whilst maintaining social distancing and clean their equipment.

Swim Course

When planning the swim course to adhere to social distancing rules each swimmer must remain 2m apart, in order to achieve this changes might need to be made to the swim course, the positioning of the safety team and the number of swimmers able to swim at any one time.

In the event of an incident occurring the safety team need to be able to get to the swimmer in difficulty within 1 minute and recover them to the side within 3 minutes.

If the swimming course is reduced in size the number of swimmers will also need to be reduced. It is important to think about the entry and exit points to the swim course to allow for effective social distancing, whilst allowing the safety team to check swimmers in and out of the water. You should continuously remind swimmers to remain 2 metres apart whilst they are swimming (as they may forget once active).

How to cater for pool swimmers and novices

At this time, we recognise that people are keen to get out and about instead of sitting in their own homes. However, this must be tempered by everyone's responsibility not to put others at risk.

People who have never been open water swimming before, even ardent pool swimmers are likely to want to swim in your venue to get back into the sport they love. As a venue operator you need to be aware of this and make plans to avoid the additional risks this may pose. Particularly early in the season when the water temperature is still low, and people will not be acclimatised. It is recommended that you should invite known and experienced swimmers to your venue only, you will then be aware of their ability, reducing the risk of an incident occurring where the safety team need to intervene.

Some actions you should consider and include in your risk assessment:

- Be clear to swimmers and your staff what your expectations of swimmers will be
- Decide how competent a swimmer must be before entering your venue. This could depend on their experience and should be in line with water temperatures.
- Decide how you are going to ask this question, preferably during the booking process. It is very disappointing to arrive ready to swim and then be turned away.
- Can you add this information to your online consent forms or your pre-swim information?
- How will you induct the new swimmer whilst following social distancing rules?

- If a swimmer arrives and has never swum in open water before deciding what actions you will take and do not be pressurised into allowing a swimmer to swim if you feel the risks are too great.

These individuals may not have the correct equipment or knowledge prior to taking up the activity. As mentioned in the Swimmer Equipment section of this document it is not advised that you hire out any equipment, all swimmers should aim to use their own equipment including wetsuit, hat, goggles, and tow float. This is in line with current government guidelines 'Where possible we recommend that you limit sharing of equipment.'

This is not the time for people new to open water to give it a go. You may be able to offer this service at a later date. Everyone has a responsibility to keep safe: Stay Alert: Control the virus: Save Lives

Whilst swimming

Venue staff and Water Safety team

RLSS UK are working with medical and water safety professionals to develop a set of guidelines to support you to safely protect your safety team from infection, if they need to perform a rescue. It is our recommendation that venues should wait for this advice before opening. For further information and support please visit <https://www.rlss.org.uk/rlss-uk-guidance-for-operating-during-covid-19>

The welfare of your safety team is just as important as the participants and therefore you need to put plans in place to protect your team as much as possible and to ensure continued compliance of social distancing guidelines.

Things to ask yourself prior to opening:

- How will your team and swimmers move around the venue and carry out their role whilst maintaining a distance of 2 metres?
- What equipment do your team need to be able to do their job?
- How will the equipment be sanitised before and after use?
- What PPE equipment do you need for your staff and water safety team? You can find guidance about the use of PPE here: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-personal-protective-equipment-ppe-plan/covid-19-personal-protective-equipment-ppe-plan>
- How will you provide clear, consistent and regular communication to all staff on site to keep up to date with updated safety measures?
- How will you communicate the swimming process, swim course and where the safety team are located to your swimmers whilst maintaining social distancing?
- You must ensure frequent cleaning of equipment, objects and surfaces.
- Provide additional hand washing and hand sanitiser facilities for staff and swimmers.

If any staff members or members of their household have symptoms, they should not attend work and should self-isolate as in the government guidance. <https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/>

If a staff member begins to show symptoms of coronavirus, then they should go home and self-isolate, please visit the website above.

Your ability to offer a safe and great experience as a venue, in terms of your ability to carry out your NOP and EAP is crucial. If there is any concern that you do not have enough staff in place to carry out your venue procedures as set out in your NOP, EAP and the guidance above, then your venue should remain closed.

Medical Support and Swimmer Recovery

All open water swimming activities should have plans to deal with incidents, these should be contained within your sites Emergency Action Plan (EAP). Basic First Aid support should be available as a minimum but where the risks increase e.g. with greater numbers of swimmers, increased swim distances or reduced water temperatures more extensive medical support should be considered.

In terms of water safety support, the locations of each member of the safety team should be planned so that they can maintain 2 meters social distancing from swimmers and other members of the water safety team.

You should revisit your NOP and EAP to ensure that you have sufficient plans outlined for how you will react to the following scenarios, with COVID-19 and the governments social distancing measures in place.

Some high-level questions that you may wish to consider are:

- How will your safety team perform a rescue whilst maintaining social distancing measures?
- What changes do you need to make to your NOP and EAP to ensure sufficient safety for swimmers?
- What additional training does your team need to ensure they are up to speed on the new procedures and how will this be delivered?
- Where will your first aid area be?
- How will you ensure that your first aid area supports social distancing measures?
- Can swimmers with minor injuries independently make their way to land and be self-sufficient in applying first aid, if the kit is provided?
- Do you need to change your swimmer safety briefing to incorporate how your venue will deal with injuries?
- How will you recover swimmers with major injuries or unconscious swimmers to the shore whilst maintaining social distancing?
- Do you need to seek advice on this and how this affects your insurance cover?
- Can further recovery be done without physical contact?
- What PPE will your water safety team wear and require, ensuring they have adequate protection?
- If someone requires resuscitation, how will you deliver this?
- Do you have access to a defibrillator?

Visit <https://www.rlss.org.uk/rlss-uk-guidance-for-operating-during-covid-19> for guidance to support you in your response to these high-level questions

If you are in doubt about your ability to provide a duty of care to your staff and swimmers, and to carry out any element of your EAP, **we recommend that you do not open your venue.**

SH₂OUT will be working with venues and seeking further advice and guidance on the best way to deal with medical incidents and further guidance will be published within the next few weeks.

Post Swim

Advice to Swimmers

It is recommended that you give swimmers advice after their swim which should include:

1) How to recover and reheat during colder temperatures or cool down if they have overheated during warm weather.

- Explain they need to dry off and dress immediately, put on warm clothes, including a hat and gloves to prevent suffering from the “after drop”, which is the lowering of the core temperature.
- Ask them to get into a sheltered spot - so they are protected from any wind or chill. Ideally this would be their car. Again, ensure they maintain social distancing when they have exited the water.
- Ask them to have a hot drink as soon as possible after swimming to help maintain their body temperature and re-stock with something sugary if they are low on energy. Before they eat or drink, they **MUST** wash hands using sterilising wipes or gels.

2) How to clean and decontaminate ALL equipment once they return to their homes including:

- Explain once they return home they must shower in fresh water at the earliest opportunity and again put on lots of warm clothes. This will remove all microbes, many of which are able to survive on the skin surface for long periods.
- Rinse and wash all their kit in fresh water before drying thoroughly - including wetsuit, goggles, tow float and swimming costume.
- If they feel ill to seek medical advice by calling 111 - including rashes for up to three weeks following their swim. Explain they need to highlight they have been swimming in open water and tell the operator the location that they swam in.

3) How to ensure they leave your venue as they found it including:

Ask them to take all their belongings and leave the location as they found it. Take any litter with them and dispose it when they are back at home which will reduce the risk of cross contamination for your staff.

Café/refreshments

If there is the capacity and resource to be in a position to serve takeaway food and drinks, then hot and cold food may be served for consumption off the premises (i.e. in the swimmer’s car or off-site). For further guidance see: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-guidance-on-phased-return-of-sport-and-recreation/guidance-for-providers-of-outdoor-facilities-on-the-phased-return-of-sport-and-recreation>

Evaluate and Improve

It is essential to complete the risk assessment cycle and ensure you review your procedures after your first session. This will highlight any unsafe practices, areas where customers and staff could not comply with social distancing measures and allow yourselves to make further decisions. You must ask yourself if you can operate under the current guidance and can maintain everyone’s safety. Complete any changes to procedures this has highlighted, but if you cannot maintain safety you must ask yourself if your business should be open. Continue with the evaluation after each session to ensure there is no complacency in your processes.